Examples

- SEE Thai Trung's project for one example of Analysis
- SEE Nural's project for another example of analysis











ilin



Games

Shopping

Мар

































The Attractiveness of Taiwan Night Markets: Is All About Renao Culture?

Qualitative Research Methodology Research Proposal

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Taiwan, 05-2415

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ONE INTRODUCTION

Motivation

1. Night Markets

- Are street markets operating at night, mainly in cities that generally tend to have more leisurely strolling, shopping, and eating areas than more businesslike day markets (Chen, Lee, Chang, Hou, & Lin, 2408).
- Are a unique culture, attracting local residents and foreigners to consume and to experience the living cultural heritage (Kuo et al., n.d.; Chen et al., 2408; Fowler et al., 2412).
- Are popular in Taiwan, reflecting history, society, and economics, and providing a true experience of modern night life.

Motivation

- 2. Just a few research on the attractiveness of the Taiwan night markets, and their findings are limited some factors: consumption, entertainment, and "Renao".
- 3. "Renao" is defined as crowded and noisy only.

Research Objectives

- 1. Identify factors influencing the attractiveness of Taiwan night markets.
- 2. Provide a thoughtful understanding about the attractiveness of Taiwan night markets.
- 3. Clarifying the meaning of "Renao" concerning the attractiveness of Taiwan night markets.
- 4. This research focuses local citizens.

TWO LITERATURE REVIEW

Collectivistic Culture

- 1. Taiwanese society draws involve in collectivistic values (Fowler et al., 2412; Eldridge & Cranston, 2409; Petison, 2410).
- 2. Collectivistic cultures
- emphasize relationships among people to a greater degree, expressing interdependent activities and suppressing individual aims for the group's interest (Triandis, Bontempo, Villareal, Asai, & Lucca, 1988; Greif, 1994).
- drive interdependent self concepts that lead people to social experience and relationship (Fowler et al., 2412)
- Night markets express themselves as special venues to satisfy the needs of people in collectivist cultures (Hsieh & Chang, 2406; Fowler et al., 2412).

Culture-Driven Actions

3. Culture influences action:

- providing the ultimate values toward which action is oriented
- shaping a range of habits, skills, and styles from which people set their actions.
- 4. Going to night markets is perceived as a culture, a habit and life style of Taiwan

Night Markets: A "Renao" Culture?

- 1. "Renao" is used to demonstrate the unique culture of night markets
- "hustle and bustle"
- "lively and noisy" characteristics (Fowler et al., 2412; Yu, 2404).

Attractiveness of Taiwan Night Markets

1. Hsieh and Chang (2406):

- i. Shopping: novelty-seeking, experiencing culture and customs
- ii. Leisure: eating
- 2. Fowler et al., (2412)
- i. Shopping: physical environment, unique characteristics, gathering places, variety of products
- ii. Social needs: third place for friends, relaxation, and buyerseller interaction

3. Others:

Foods and specialty, neibor-hood location, reputation, fun with price bargaining,... (Lee, Hou, Heng, Hou, & Lee, 2405; Chen et al., 2408)

Previous research samples

- 1. Samples used in prior empirical research on night markets are mixed, leaving doubts in finding generation and contributions.
- 2. Those studies' findings properly cannot be generated for attractiveness factors of Taiwan night market from either local people or foreign tourists' perspective.
- 3. This paper focuses on local habitants.

THREE **METHODS**

Method

- 1. The research engages Critical Incident Technique with face to face interviews for collecting data.
- 2. The data collected is based on the interviewees' experience and stories.
- 3. The data is analyzing based on grounded theory for coding and classifying data into categories or themes.

Samples

1. Interviewees: 5

- Have real experience on night markets.
- Local citizen: shoppers, observers.
- English proficiency.
- Demographics: single and marriage, male and female, young and old (under and over 29 years old)
- 2. Semi-structured question Guideline (appendix 1).
- Extra explanation by the interviewer (if needed).
- Audio recorded: 15-32 minutes/each, total 181.15 minutes
- A gift for every interviewee.
- 2. Language used in the interview will be English.

Samples

	Male	Female						
Gender	3	3						
Marital Status								
Single	1	2						
Marriage	2	1						
Age								
Under 29	1	2						
Over 29	2	1						

Data Collection and Procedure

- 1. Two approaches: planned interview (purposive sampling) and convenient interview (convenient sampling).
- 2. Prodedures
- Step 1: Identify sample demographic
- Step 2: List the interviewee candidates and set the interview schedule
- Step 3: Set interview place and conduct interviews with voice recording devices.
- Step 4: Produce transcripts

Data Collection and Procedure

Step 5: Coding process to categorize date in to themes for analysis:

- 1. Coding
- identify properties, names (labels) or description
- identify dimensions or scales
 For example Renao, first property is excitement and some dimensions are crowded, busy, active, noisy,
- 2. Categorize into themes
- Reassembly of data: check correlation between categories and sub-categories
- 4. Select final themes

THREE **METHODS**

Preliminary Results

Purposes of going	to Eating, walking around for leisure/fun/ for outdoor atmosphere,			
night markets	find something new/ interesting, play interesting games for fun			
	not for gambling, for fun, for relax, enjoy massage, buying			
	stuff,			
Eat Foods	Variety of foods, special foods, foods different from home,			
	comprehensive food, cheap foods, local foods, more traditional			
	foods, similar taste foods, small amount of foods, not clean, not			
	safe food, smell of food			
Buy stuffs	Variety of products, different goods, find many thing in night			
	markets, cheap things, new things, fashion cloth, variety of			
	cloth,			
Walking around	Walking around for leisure/fun/outdoor atmosphere/, to see			
	beautiful girls/ handsome guys/, to see people/foods/ things;			

Preliminary Results

Fun	Playing interesting games for fun, not for gambling; for prize/ for toys/ for family entertainment/ for children playing games/				
Variety of things	Variety of foods/stuff/things/cloth/games/activities				
Cheap foods/ things					
Enjoy leisure	Massage				
Habit					
Convenience	Near house, on way to home,				
Other attraction	Crowded, smell of foods, signboards, panels, colorful lights,				
	noisy				
Renao culture	Noisy, crowded, hot, loud, enjoy, exciting, good feeling, relax,				
	close to happy/ not sad, poor quality, not safe food, dirty				
	place, fake things, long line-up				
Don't like	Noisy, crowded, cheap quality, dirty place, unsafe foods				

Appendix

Appendix 1- Question Guideline

Opening - [Salutation]

This is [Thai Trung], come from J-S Marketing Insider.

I am conducting a research on Taiwan night markets. I wonder why the night markets are always crowded whenever I go there. My research focus is to know which factors attract people to the night market.

Thank you [xxx] for coming to share your experience about Taiwan night markets. Your participation is highly appreciated. All your information as well as what you talk today is fully confidential. We use English for the interview. However, you can sometimes use Chinese in case you are not sure in English. Later you help explain it or I will make translation. Would you mind to record your voice? Hopefully, we can finish within 30 minutes.

What you would like to drink, coffee, tea, or mineral water? Are you ready to start?

Appendix 1- Question Guideline

Questions

- 1. Do you ever go to night markets? How often? Which night market do you often go to? And how often?
- 2. When was the most recent time you went to the market? Elaborate more: recall the latest time: Who did you go with? Did you have fun? What did you do?
- 3. What are your purposes to go to the night market? Elaboration on each purpose.
- 4. Why do you choose the night market, instead of other places? Elaboration on each purpose
- 5. What other factors do the night market attract you to come?
- 4. What do you like about the night market? (Elaboration by why)
- 5. People say Taiwan night market is a Renao- noisy and hot as a cultural factor attracting people to come to the night market. Do you agree with this statement? Can you elaborate more about the renao culture?
- 6. Demographic questions.

Ending: Thank you, gift, and best wish.

Time Scales

Interview

Tainan Night Market: April 16 (Thursday) and 18 (Saturday)

Patpong Night Market: April 24 (Monday) and 21 (Tuesday)

Transcript

English Transcript April 24-15-26

Theme Coding April 28-29

Report Brief 2 May 01-02

Back-up Plan May 08-09

Data Analysis

Analysis May 18-19

Report Brief 3 May 29-30

Final Report

Final Report June 27

Claim for research expense June 28

Expenses

All direct expenses incurred by the researcher in carrying out the project will be sponsored by JS Corporation, including:

- 1. Travelling and accommodation (where applicable) expenses related to Two-way air flight tickets Taipei- Bangkok Accommodation in Bangkok Local transportation in Taiwan and Bangkok
- 2. Research

Interviewer (Chinese and Thailand)
Gifts to interviewees
Communication
Translation
Miscellaneous

- 3. Stand by cost
- 4. Total

50% prepaid based on the expense estimation approval.

Actual expenses will be claimed after research completion and agreement.



THANK YOU -谢谢

INITIAL PROGRESS OF ANALYSIS **Categories & Coding Progress** Nurul D.P

PROGRESS

- 5 trancripts
- Coding with QDA Miner

FILE	GENDER_1	EDUCATION1	COUNTRY1	GENDER2	EDUCATION2	TIME
transcript_Nurul (M and D)	Male	2nd year M	Bangladesh	Male	1st year M	25/04/2015
transcript_Nurul (A)	Male	1st year M	Indonesia	0	0	22/04/2015
transcript_Nurul (BF01)	Male	3rd y Unde	Burkina Fa	0	0	25/04/2015
transcript_Nurul (T)	Male	3year PhD	Burkina Fa	0	0	24/04/2015
transcript_Nurul (BF02)	Male	2nd smstr	Burkina Fa	0	0	10/05/2015

THEORY

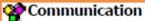
• "intercultural <u>communication</u> role make people from <u>different cultural backgrounds</u> can learn from one another, show <u>respect</u> for one another, and <u>learn</u> about ourselves" (Alexander et al., 2014).

CODE

Building

difficult to put stuff

- home country house
- house
- Tainan Building



- can not speak
- cmmunicate
- gesture
- language barrier
- learn chinese
- local language

Community

- FORMIT
- Muslim Community
- Muslim Fan Page FB

Convenience feeling

- alone
- beginning
- complicated
- convenience
- difficult situation
- empathy
- empty
- homesick
- International feeling
- Length of week
- lucky
- minority feeling
- not comfort
- strange
- suffereing
- survive

Prood

- Halal certificate
- Halal food
- halal shop
- home country food
- meat
- salty
- seafood
- spicy
- taste
- traditional food
- vegetarian

Priends

- First friend
- friend
- Friendship
- Home country friends
- Indonesian
- local friend
- preferences

Home country shop

- Indonesian shop
- price

Marchante Islam

- Explain prayer
- Introduce Islam to Local Student
- Introduce Muslim

Language

- Chinese
- English



- Change of mind
- Open mind



- Can not cook
- cook pork
- cooking group
- no group cooking
- the way of cook



- Burkina Faso
- foreigner



- country of origin
- culture
- Different food
- Different language
- o different religion
- Directly talk
- dress
- environment
- facing
- minority
- Mosque

share

- sleeping pattern
- weather



- o consensus and agreement
- Dormitory Kitchen
- Kuang fu Dorm
- share room
- Shengli 1 Dorm
- Shengli 6 Dorm
- speaking disturbing

Motivation

- Best aerospace
- Best university
- colaboration
- cooperation
- development
- location
- networking
- personal reason
- publication
- qualification
- reason
- relation
- specialty

MSA 😭

- Aspiration
- MSA Objective

MSA Activity

- Mosque facility
- organized shalat berjamaah
- Sport Activity

NCKU Management

- NCKU regulation
- NCKU website
- proposal
- relationship
- Suggestion for NCKU

Prayer

- big area
- complaint
- direction
- dirty floor

Prayer

- Distrub
- Interaction
 - Missed Salah
 - muslim center
 - Prayer room
 - prayer time
 - Prayer together
 - problem
 - salah
 - stop praying

Family •Big Fami

•Big Family

reaction of friend

- Amaze
- respect
- understand

religion

- Muslim
- Understand Islam

Social media

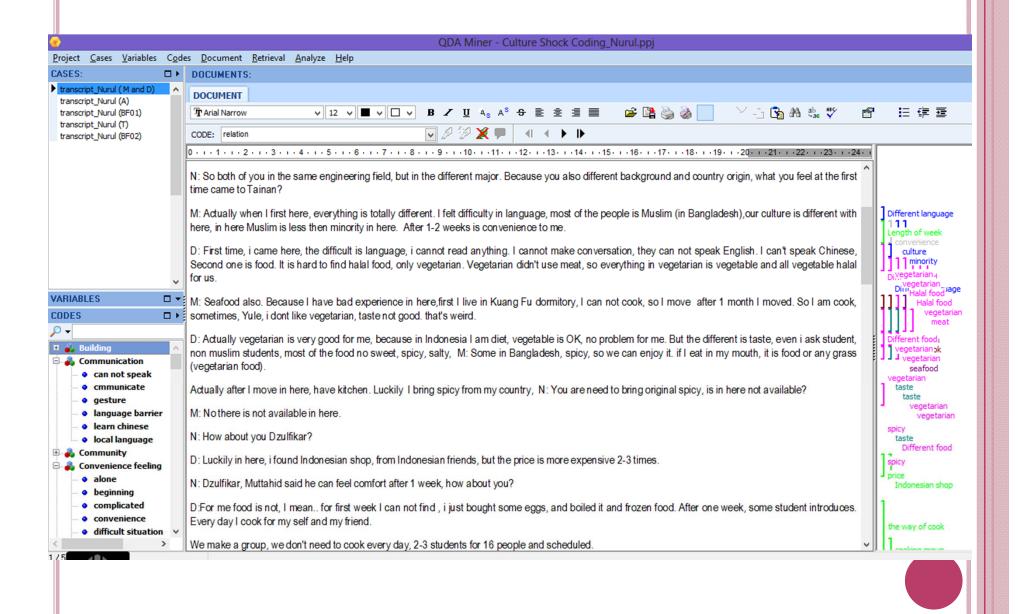
Facebook

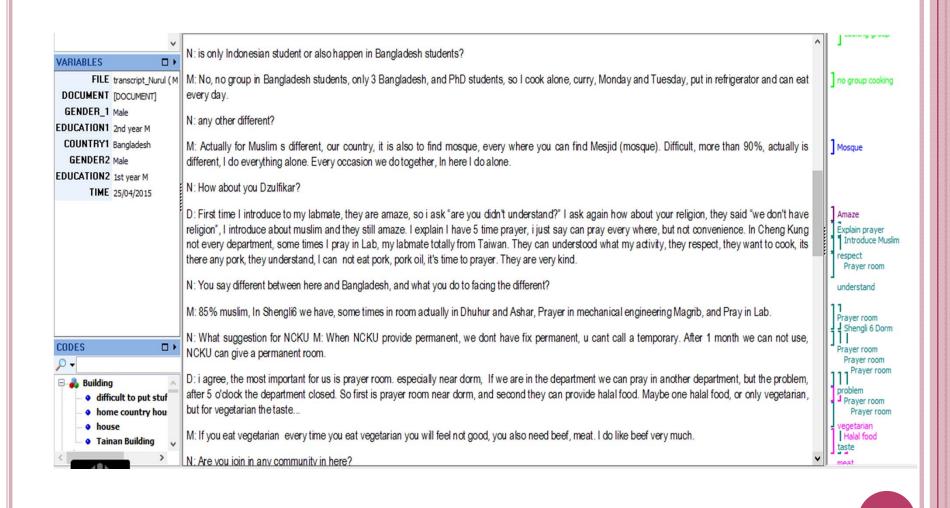
Suggestion for new muslim student

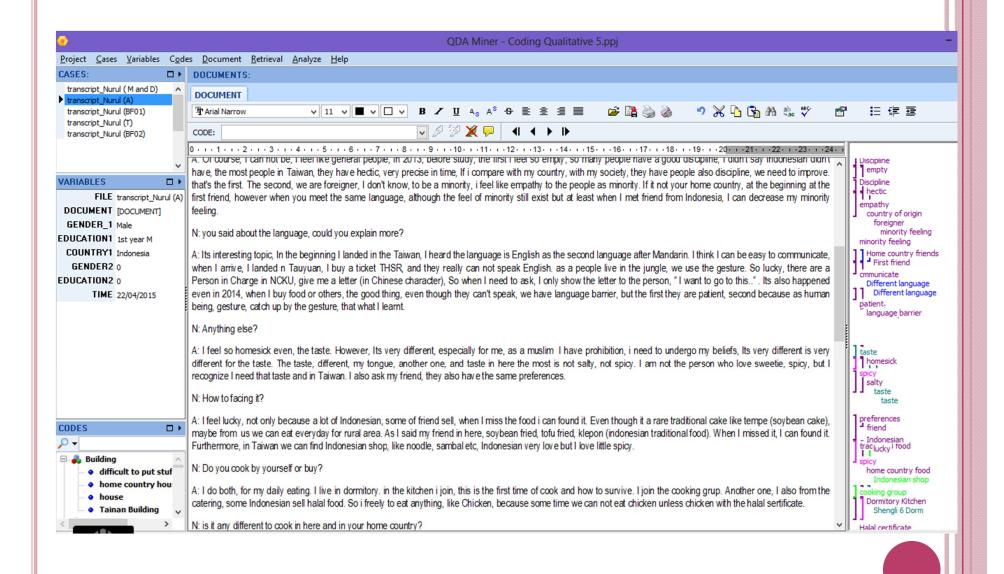
- Actif in organization
- Active participant
- Contact MSA
- Gathered with Muslim Student
- Participate
- strategy to reduce culture shocks

Taiwanese people

- didn't care
- Discipline
- hectic
- only care with their interest
- patient
- o problem with Taiwanese







- Alexander also showed that intercultural communication is an important role in international <u>interaction</u> (Alexander et al., 2014).
- Stauss and Mang showed that service provider can takes place to reduce intercultural service provider performance gap by verbal and non-verbal communication (Stauss & Mang, 1999).

e.G: Gesture

- In addition, service learning in intercultural environment have three important things in common:
 - People will meet a real community need
 - 2) They grow out of intentional learning outcomes,
 - They offer structured opportunities for reflection (Urraca, Ledoux, & Harris, 2009).
 - Stauss and Mang showed that service provider can takes place to reduce intercultural service provider performance gap by verbal and non-verbal communication (Stauss & Mang, 1999).

• Research shows that some of international students are unable to perform their roles well in the face of a lack of understanding of local norms (Urraca et al., 2009).

o Different Experience → Different Perspective